

MATH 1553
QUIZ #3: §1.3

Name		Section	
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1. [1 point each] For each of the following sets of vectors, circle the word that describes the span.

$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$	point line plane space	$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$	point line plane space	$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$	point line plane space
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$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$	point line plane space	$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$	point line plane space
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Solution.

The zero vector spans only a point. The second set consists of collinear vectors, so it spans a line. The third set consists of two noncollinear vectors, which therefore span a plane. The fourth set consists of three coplanar, noncollinear vectors, so it spans a plane. The last set spans all of space.

[over]

2. [2 points each] Which of the following vectors are in the span of $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$?

a) $\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -4 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ b) $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 12 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$ c) $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$

(Show at least a bit of your work.)

Solution.

- a) Deciding if $\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -4 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ is a linear combination of $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ amounts to row reducing the augmented matrix:

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 6 & -4 \\ -1 & 2 & -4 \\ 2 & -1 & 5 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\text{row reduce}} \left(\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 6 & -4 \\ 0 & 8 & -8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right).$$

We can stop here, because we can already see that the system is consistent. (You weren't asked to find the coefficients in a linear combination.)

- b) As before, we row reduce

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 6 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 & 12 \\ 2 & -1 & -5 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\text{row reduce}} \left(\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 6 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 13 \end{array} \right).$$

We can stop here, because this corresponds to an inconsistent linear system (the last equation being $0 = 13$).

- c) The zero vector is in any span:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + 0 \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}.$$