

**MATH 1553-A**  
**QUIZ #4: §§1.7, 1.8, 1.9**

<b>Name</b>		<b>Section</b>	
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1. Consider the vectors

$$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 6 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \quad v_3 = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -2 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Is  $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$  linearly independent? If not, give an equation of linear dependence.

**Solution.**

They are linearly dependent: you can see that  $v_2 = 3v_1$ . Hence an equation of linear dependence is

$$3v_1 - v_2 + 0v_3 = 0.$$

2. Consider the transformation  $T : \mathbf{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^3$  defined by

$$T \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3 \\ -x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 \\ -x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- a) Find the standard matrix  $A$  for  $T$ .
- b) Is  $T$  one-to-one? If not, find two vectors in  $\mathbf{R}^3$  with the same image.
- c) Is  $T$  onto? If not, find a vector in  $\mathbf{R}^3$  which is not in the range.

**Solution.**

a) We plug in the unit coordinate vectors:

$$\begin{aligned} T \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} &= \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} & T \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} &= \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} & T \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ \implies A &= \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}. \end{aligned}$$

b) We need to know if  $A$  has a pivot in every column. We row reduce:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{RREF}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

The last column does not have a pivot, so  $T$  is not one-to-one. The parametric form of the solution set of  $Ax = 0$  is  $x_1 = -5x_3$ ,  $x_2 = -7x_3$ . Any value of  $x_3$  gives a solution to  $T(x) = 0$ , so we have, for instance,

$$T(0) = 0 \quad T \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -7 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 0.$$

c) The last two entries of  $T(x)$  are the same. Therefore,  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$  is not in the range, for instance. In particular,  $T$  is not onto.