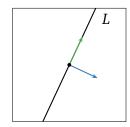
MATH 1553-A QUIZ #7: §5.1, §5.2

1. [5 points] Write a mathematically correct definition of an eigenvector. Pay attention to your quantifiers.

" ν is an eigenvector of an $n \times n$ matrix A provided that

$$v \neq 0$$
 and $Av = \lambda v$ for some scalar λ ".

2. [4 points] Consider the matrix *A* for the transformation that reflects over a line *L*. Find all eigenvalues of *A*, and draw a picture of an eigenvector for each eigenvalue in the box below.



Solution.

The only vectors that are taken to a scalar multiple are the vectors on L, which are not moved, and the vectors perpendicular to L, which are negated. The former have eigenvalue 1, and the latter have eigenvalue -1.

3. [3 points] Find all eigenvalues of *A*.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Solution.

The characteristic polynomial of *A* is

$$f(\lambda) = \lambda^2 - \text{Tr}(A)\lambda + \det(A) = \lambda^2 - 4\lambda + 1.$$

The roots are

$$\lambda = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 4}}{2} = 2 \pm \sqrt{3}.$$

These are the eigenvalues of *A*.