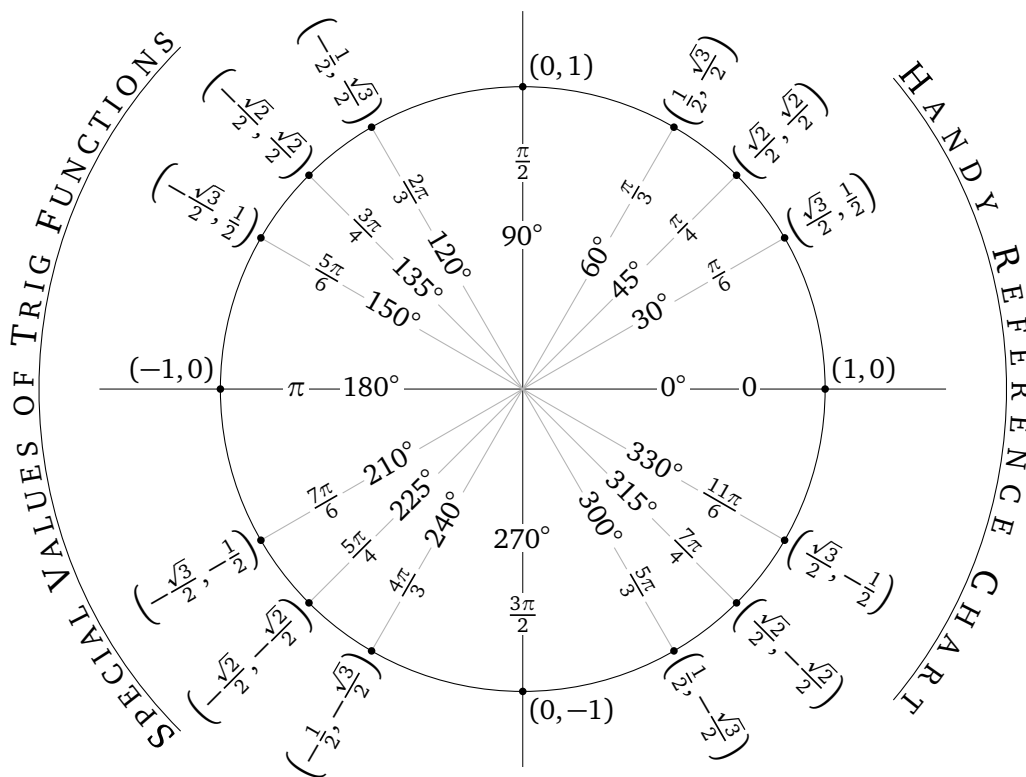


## MATH 1553-C MIDTERM EXAMINATION 3

Name		GT Email	@gatech.edu
------	--	----------	-------------

Please **read all instructions** carefully before beginning.

- Please leave your GT ID card on your desk until your TA scans your exam.
- All graded work for Problem  $n$  must appear on the page containing Problem  $n$  or the page labeled “Scratch page for Problem  $n$ ”.
- Each problem is worth 10 points. The maximum score on this exam is 50 points.
- You have 50 minutes to complete this exam.
- There are no aids of any kind (notes, text, etc.) allowed.
- Please show your work.
- You may cite any theorem proved in class or in the sections we covered in the text.
- Good luck!



[Scratch page for Problem 1]

## Problem 1.

[2 points each]

In this problem, if the statement is always true, circle **T**; otherwise, circle **F**.

*All matrices are assumed to have real entries.*

- a) **T** **F** A  $5 \times 5$  matrix has a real eigenvector.
- b) **T** **F** Every diagonalizable  $n \times n$  matrix has  $n$  distinct eigenvalues.
- c) **T** **F** If an  $n \times n$  matrix  $A$  has a zero eigenvalue, then  $\text{Nul}(A) \neq \{0\}$ .
- d) **T** **F** If  $A$  is an  $n \times n$  matrix, then  $\det(-A) = -\det(A)$ .
- e) **T** **F**  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$  is similar to  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ .

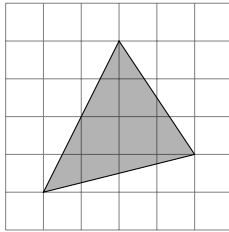
[Scratch page for Problem 2]

## Problem 2.

[2 points each]

*Short answer problems: you need not explain your work.*

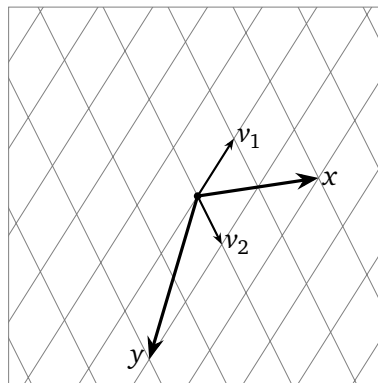
- a) What is the area of the triangle in the picture?



- b) Give an example of a  $2 \times 2$  matrix that is invertible but not diagonalizable.

- c) Give an example of two  $2 \times 2$  matrices that have the same characteristic polynomial but are not similar.

- d) Suppose that  $A = P \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} P^{-1}$ , where  $P$  has columns  $v_1$  and  $v_2$ . Given  $x$  and  $y$  in the picture below, draw the vectors  $Ax$  and  $Ay$ .



- e) With respect to the picture in (d), find the  $\mathcal{B}$ -coordinates of an eigenvector of  $A$  with eigenvalue  $-1$ , where  $\mathcal{B} = \{v_1, v_2\}$ .

[Scratch page for Problem 3]

### Problem 3.

[2 points each]

Consider the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -2\sqrt{3}-1 & 5 \\ -1 & -2\sqrt{3}+1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- a) Find both complex eigenvalues of  $A$ .
- b) Find an eigenvector corresponding to each eigenvalue.
- c) Find an invertible matrix  $P$  and a rotation-scale matrix  $C$  such that  $A = PCP^{-1}$ .
- d) By what angle does  $C$  rotate?
- e) Successive multiplication by  $A$ :

spirals in      rotates around an ellipse      spirals out

(circle the best option).

[Scratch page for Problem 4]



**Problem 4.**

[10 points]

For which value(s) of  $a$  is  $\lambda = 2$  an eigenvalue of this matrix?

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & 0 & a \\ a & 3 & 0 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & -2 \\ 13 & a & -2 & -7 \end{pmatrix}$$

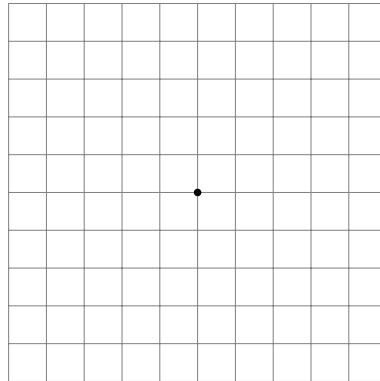
[Scratch page for Problem 5]

### Problem 5.

[5 points each]

$$\text{Let } A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- a) Draw all eigenspaces of  $A$ , and label them with the corresponding eigenvalue:



- b) Compute  $A^n$ , where  $n \geq 1$  is any whole number. Your answer should be a single  $2 \times 2$  matrix whose entries are formulas involving  $n$ .

[Ungraded scratch page]