

### Math 1553 Worksheet §4.4, Matrix Operations

1. If  $A$  is a  $3 \times 5$  matrix and  $B$  is a  $3 \times 2$  matrix, which of the following are defined? Very briefly justify your answer.

a)  $A - B$

b)  $AB$

c)  $A^T B$

d)  $B^T A$

e)  $A^2$

2. True or false (justify your answer). Answer true if the statement is *always* true. Otherwise, answer false.

a) If  $A$  is an  $m \times n$  matrix and  $B$  is an  $n \times p$  matrix, then each column of  $AB$  is a linear combination of the columns of  $A$ .

b) If  $A$  is a  $3 \times 4$  matrix and  $B$  is a  $4 \times 2$  matrix, then the linear transformation  $Z$  defined by  $Z(x) = ABx$  has domain  $\mathbf{R}^2$  and codomain  $\mathbf{R}^3$ .

c) Suppose  $T : \mathbf{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^m$  and  $U : \mathbf{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^p$  are linear transformations and  $U \circ T$  is onto. Then  $U$  and  $T$  must both be onto.

3. Let  $T : \mathbf{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^2$  be rotation *clockwise* by  $60^\circ$ . Let  $U : \mathbf{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^2$  be the linear transformation with standard matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ .

a) Find the standard matrix  $K$  for the composition  $U \circ T$ .

b) Find the standard matrix  $L$  for the composition  $T \circ U$ .

c) Is rotating clockwise by  $60^\circ$  and then performing  $U$ , the same as first performing  $U$  and then rotating clockwise by  $60^\circ$ ?