## ERRATUM TO "THE SIMPLICIAL EHP SEQUENCE IN A¹-ALGEBRAIC TOPOLOGY"

## KIRSTEN WICKELGREN AND BEN WILLIAMS

## 1. MISTAKE IN PROOF OF LEMMA 3.3

As pointed out by Aravind Asok, the proof of Lemma 3.3 is not quite correct as written. The statement of the lemma is, fortunately, correct.

**Lemma 3.3.** Let X be an object of  $\mathbf{sPre}(\mathbf{Sm}_k)$ , let s be a point of  $\mathbf{Sh}_{Nis}(\mathbf{Sm}_k)$  and let P be a set of primes. Then  $s^*L_PX \simeq L_Ps^*X$ .

*Proof.* We first claim that  $s^*L_PX$  is P–local. Since it is fibrant, it suffices to show that if  $\rho_n^k$  is an element of  $T_P$ , then the induced map

$$(\rho_n^k)_*: \operatorname{SMap}(S_{\tau}^k, s^*L_PX) \to \operatorname{SMap}(S_{\tau}^k, s^*L_PX)$$

is a weak equivalence. If  $\{U_i\}$  is a system of neighbourhoods for  $s^*$  then there is a succession of natural isomorphisms

$$\begin{split} SMap(S^k_{\tau}, s^*L_PX) &\cong SMap(S^k_{\tau}, colim(L_PX)(U)) \\ &\cong \underset{U}{colim} SMap(S^k_{\tau}, (L_PX)(U)) \\ &\cong colim SMap(S^k_{\tau} \times U, L_PX) \end{split} \qquad \text{since } S^k_{\tau} \text{ is compact,} \end{split}$$

and  $\rho_n^k$  induces a weak equivalence on the spaces  $SMap(S_\tau^k \times U, L_P X)$  since  $L_P X$  is P-local. The functor  $s^*$  preserves trivial cofibrations, and therefore the map  $s^*X \to s^*L_P X$  is a trivial cofibration the target of which is fibrant in the P-local model structure on sSet. Therefore  $s^*L_P X$  is weakly equivalent in the ordinary model structure on sSet to any other P-fibrant-replacement for  $s^*X$ , notably to  $L_P s^*X$ , which is what was claimed.

The mistaken part is highlighted in red. While  $S^k$ , the simplicial k-sphere defined by  $\Delta[k]/\partial\Delta[k]$ , is a finite simplicial set, and therefore compact, the object  $S^k_{\tau}$  is a fibrant replacement and consequently not finite. The fix is to observe that the homotopy type of the mapping object  $SMap(S^k_{\tau}, colim_U(L_PX)(U)$  is invariant under replacing the source by an equivalent object, in this case the finite  $S^k$ . The corrected proof reads:

## Corrected proof of Lemma 3.3.

**Lemma 3.3.** Let X be an object of  $\mathbf{sPre}(\mathbf{Sm}_k)$ , let s be a point of  $\mathbf{Sh}_{Nis}(\mathbf{Sm}_k)$  and let P be a set of primes. Then  $s^*L_PX \simeq L_Ps^*X$ .

*Proof.* We first claim that  $s^*L_PX$  is P–local. Since it is fibrant, it suffices to show that if  $\rho_n^k$  is an element of  $T_P$ , then the induced map

$$(\rho_n^k)_*: SMap(S_\tau^k, s^*L_PX) \to SMap(S_\tau^k, s^*L_PX)$$

is a weak equivalence. If  $\{U_i\}$  is a system of neighbourhoods for  $s^*$  then there is a succession of natural weak equivalences

$$\begin{split} SMap(S^k_\tau, s^*L_PX) &\cong SMap(S^k_\tau, colim(L_PX)(U)) \\ &\simeq SMap(S^k, colim(L_PX)(U)) \\ &\cong colim\, SMap(S^k, (L_PX)(U)) \\ &\simeq colim\, SMap(S^k_\tau, (L_PX)(U)) \\ &\simeq colim\, SMap(S^k_\tau, (L_PX)(U)) \\ &\cong colim\, SMap(S^k_\tau \times U, L_PX) \end{split}$$

and  $\rho_n^k$  induces a weak equivalence on the spaces  $SMap(S_\tau^k \times U, L_PX)$  since  $L_PX$  is P-local.

The functor  $s^*$  preserves trivial cofibrations, and therefore the map  $s^*X \to s^*L_PX$  is a trivial cofibration the target of which is fibrant in the P-local model structure on **sSet**. Therefore  $s^*L_PX$  is weakly equivalent in the ordinary model structure on **sSet** to any other P-fibrant-replacement for  $s^*X$ , notably to  $L_Ps^*X$ , which is what was claimed.

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, DUKE UNIVERSITY, DURHAM NC, USA

Email address: wickelgren@post.harvard.edu

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA, VANCOUVER BC, CANADA

Email address: tbjw@math.ubc.ca